

7 Jay's Service Station

327 W Main St

Jay's Service Station was built in 1951-1952 by Jay Dee Harris during the boom of the automobile. It most closely resembles a modern architectural style. As seen in the photo, it was originally built without the canopy above the pumps. Still visible today are the words above the garage doors and the original "Jay's" neon sign which was lit until the 1970s. It is now a family run full service station where if those that need help beep their horn, someone will run out to fill you up.



Modern, 1951-1952

8 Daryl Building

70 W Main St

Daryl Building, now Check Tech, was built in 1930 in an Early 20th Century style and included mixed commercial spaces at street level with residential rooms on the second floor. It was named after Daryl Holmgren, son of David Holmgren and owner of the Midland Hotel. Additionally, it was the original location for the local newspaper, the Leader. Today the original balcony can still be seen.



Early 20th Century, 1930

9 Methodist Church

205 N Tremont St

The Methodist Church building embodies the Victorian Gothic style, which is characterized with clapboard siding, pointed gables, pointed arched windows, stained glass windows, and a large tower. The unique story of how this structure came to be in Tremont is best said in the words of Reba Hard,

"Although the Methodists had purchased a site in 1903, they did not build a church until 1905. This building was made possible by the offer of an abandoned church building in the Upper Cache



Victorian Gothic, 1892

Valley and by a money grant from the Utah Mission. [The structure was built in 1892 by the Methodist church in Cannon, Utah.] A member of the church at that time wrote that the building was in very good shape. They arranged with some Cache Valley settlers to take the building down carefully so that they could haul the lumber to Tremont and rebuild it. The transportation project took three days, but was fully successful."

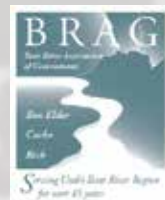
Following its successful move and reassembly, it was remodeled in 1938 to include a basement. This was accomplished by hoisting the building high enough and then using horses to dig out the basement. Today it is used as a childcare and preschool center.

Sources & Photo Credits:

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Additional Photos Courtesy of:

Bear River Valley Museum
Bear River Association of Governments



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TREMONTON ARCHITECTURAL WALKING TOUR



Spanish Colonial Revival, 1930, Tremont Library

Enjoy a walk through Tremont while learning about the history and architectural styles of many beloved buildings with this self-guided walking tour.



Early 20th Century, 1910s, F.M. Christensen Drug Store & Odd Fellows Fellowship Hall

1 Tremont Library

210 N Tremont St



Spanish Colonial Revival, 1930

Tremont Library opened to the public in 1930, after 16 years of dedication and hard work. During these 16 years, the Economic Club put up a library shelf in various places including a hat shop, in the back of the bank, and later in the Waldron Building. The Club contributed \$3,000 to the construction of the library after holding many fund-raising projects including book showers, bake sales, and the May Festival. Since its first opening it has undergone two remodels while maintaining a Spanish Colonial Revival architectural style. The first remodel in 1984, added the west wing, and in 2005 the ceiling was raised and braced.

2 Tremont 1st Ward LDS Church

166 N Tremont St

Built in 1928, the Tremont 1st Ward of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints was built in a Spanish Colonial Revival style. This is characterized by its rounded arch openings, and low-relief ornamentation. Since its dedication, the red tile roof has been replaced.



Spanish Colonial Revival, 1928

3 The Valley Hospital

18 N 200 E

The Valley Hospital, now Legacy Square, was built in 1928 and served residents for 48 years. It was built in the Colonial Revival style with gable roofs and symmetrical facades. Land was purchased for the hospital in 1926 by Edgar Hartley White, who was the only practicing physician at the time. It was difficult to fund the hospital during the Depression but it worked out, in part by having the White family live in the basement and helping patients with cooking, cleaning, and doing laundry. In 1976, the hospital moved leaving Legacy Square to become office spaces and apartments.



Colonial Revival, 1928

4 Odd Fellows Fellowship Hall

11 E Main St

Built in early 1910s with an Early 20th Century style, the Museum was originally an Odd Fellows Fellowship Hall. Since then it has been a furniture store (Stohl Furniture Store), a clothing shop (J.C. Penney), a furniture store again (Northern Furniture), and most recently the Bear River Valley Museum. With just a few steps inside, one can enjoy the original wood flooring.



Early 20th Century, Early 1900s

5 F.M. Christensen Drug Store

1 E Main St

Northern Furniture was built in early 1910s and was used as the City drug store, owned by F.M. Christensen. It was built during the building boom in Tremont (summer of 1912 to end of 1914) with the entry originally on the corner of Main Street and Tremont Street. The entry now faces Main Street.



Early 20th Century, Early 1910s

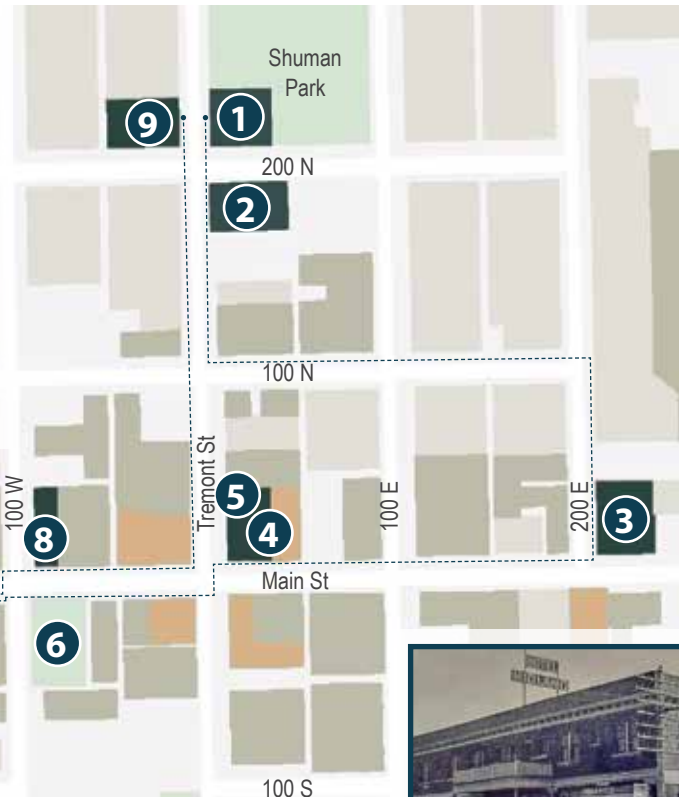
6 The Midland Hotel

75 W Main St

During the building boom, the Midland Hotel along with Coles Bank, the Shield Hotel block, and the Waldron & Harris Mercantile Building were built for \$175,000. These structures were built under the direction of David Holmgren, chairman of the hotel commission. The Midland Hotel included multiple businesses and advertised saying, "Well Furnished Rooms & Meals à la Carte and of the Best." It was destroyed in an early morning fire on January 31, 1995. Today the Midland Mural, done by Jason Nessen in 2003, depicts this once lively and bustling iconic hotel.



Early 20th Century, 1912-1914



Building Key

- Tour Locations
- Additional Interest
- Commercial
- Residential

